



# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE



APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/259,589		03/01/1999	DAVID JOHN MARTIN PATTERSON	06502.0225	5471	
22852	7590	01/21/2004		EXAMINER		
	N, HENI	DERSON, FARA	TANG, KENNETH			
LLP 1300 I STREET, NW				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
WASHINGTON, DC 20005			2127	14		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

,	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary	09/259,589	PATTERSON, DAVID JOHN MARTIN				
•	Examiner	Art Unit				
TL SAAU INO DATE SAAL	Kenneth Tang	2127				
Th MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover shiet with the c	orrespondenc address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timer within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 N	ovember 2003.					
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This	action is non-final.	•				
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
<ul> <li>4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw</li> <li>5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-21 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or</li> </ul>	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10)☒ The drawing(s) filed on <u>01 March 1999</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a) $\square$ accepted or b) $\boxtimes$ objected to drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:  1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents 2. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti since a specific reference was included in the first 37 CFR 1.78.  a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti reference was included in the first sentence of the	s have been received. s have been received in Application in the documents have been received in Application (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). of the certified copies not received priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a) is sentence of the specification or evisional application has been recomprised to priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120	on No. 2. ed in this National Stage ed. e) (to a provisional application) in an Application Data Sheet. eived. and/or 121 since a specific				
Attachment(s)	_					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)     Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) atent Application (PTO-152)				

### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This non-final action is in response to paper number 7, Amendment B, which was received on 5/12/03. Claims 1-21 are presented for examination.

2. Applicant's arguments have been fully considered but are now moot in view of the new grounds of rejections.

## **Drawings**

3. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the "to provide an indication to the first process of an expected time before the resource will become available determined based on a call duration value associated with the second process", "resource manager", "first process", and "second process" must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). No new matter should be entered.

A proposed drawing correction or corrected drawings are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 4. Claims 1, 10, 11, and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chorn (US 6,275,843), in view of Abe et al. (hereinafter Abe) (US 6,052,695), in further view of Simor (US 5,060,150), and further in view of Patterson (EP 0 964 332 A1).
- 5. Referring to claims 1, 10, 11 and 17, Chorn discloses the following system:
  - A resource manager operable to control the allocation of a resource to competing computing processes ("Resource Manager provides access to a resource", col 7, lines 8-10, Figure 1, 16 and 36).
  - The resource manager responds to identification of a thread for the first process requesting resource allocation ("thread identifiers" used to "manage its resources for the processing", col 14, lines 36-43, and "first service request", Fig 4, 102, and col 9, lines 50-54);

Chorn fails to explicitly teach a joining function that notifies a resource manger with at least a first and second process, where there is termination of thread for second process to allocate the resource to the thread for the first process. However, Abe teaches this limitation (in column 27, lines 40-47). In there he teaches of returning the output completion notification of the second thread. When this notification is received, the second log processing thread (65-M) terminates its own processing. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include this feature to the existing system of Chorn for the reason of increasing control by

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knowing when an existing thread is finished processing so that a new one can start processing.

Chorn also fails to teach that after termination of thread for a second process, the resource of the first process is allocated. However, Simor discloses a "Process Termination Monitor" that allows for resource allocation after the process has been terminated (col 17, lines 55-62). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include this resource allocation feature to the existing system for the reason of being able to distribute resources to various locations.

Chorn teaches a resource manager that coordinates multiple processes but fails to explicitly teach that a process could have an expected call duration time value. However, Patterson teaches that the length of time for which the resource would be allocated to the process is expected ("A resource manager operable to control allocation of a resource to competing computing processes, the resource manager being configured to be operable to respond to a request from a first process for allocation of the resource and, when the resource is already allocated to a second process, to provide an indication to the first process of the expected time before the resource will become available.", see Abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of having an indication to a process of an expected time value before another process is performed to the existing system for the reason of improving the scheduling of the system by knowing beforehand the length time value of a particular process so that it can be determined when the next process should be started.

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6. Claims 2-7 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chorn (US 6,275,843) in view of Abe (US 6,052,695), in further view of Simor (US 5,060,150), and in further view of Hoffpauir (US H1,896).

- 7. Referring to claim 2, Chorn in view of Abe fails to explicitly teach a resource manager comprising an object-oriented computer software operable in an object-oriented environment. However, Hoffpauir teaches that a "resource manager application 58 is preferably implemented in software using object-oriented programming" (col 13, lines 8-11). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include using object-oriented software to the existing combination system for the reason of increasing the efficiency of code from reusability benefits of object orientation.
- 8. Referring to claim 3, Chorn in view of Abe fails to explicitly teach the processes having software applications operable in the objected oriented environment. However, Hoffpauir teaches having "various software processes or applications that include software objects" (col 9, lines 1-5). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of having software applications operable in the objected oriented environment to the existing combination system for the reason of increasing the efficiency of code from reusability benefits of object orientation.

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- 9. Referring to claims 4 and 5, the reference of Hoffpauir teaches that "various computer software objects may be developed using virtually any computer programming language but will preferably be developed using a computer language designed for object oriented programming such as C++ and JAVA" (col 11, lines 50-55). Hoffpauir also teaches using a single object or bean object with the resource manager ("resource manager provides a proxy object for each object or application", col 13, lines 12-22). It would be obvious to use more than one object with the resource manager because it gives more opportunities for object orientation. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine the feature of comprising one or more objects registrable with the resource manager and in the JAVA language to the existing combination system for the reason of increasing the efficiency of code from the reusability benefits of object orientation.
- 10. Referring to claim 6, Hoffpauir teaches an "object" (90) acquiring "clients" such as a "configuration management server 72, the fault management server 74, the performance management server 76, accounting management server 78 and the system management server 82" (col 21, lines 36-43).
- 11. Referring to claims 7 and 18, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 5 from above.

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Claims 8, 9, 12-15, and 19-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chorn (US 6,275,843), in view of Abe et al. (hereinafter Abe) (US 6,052,695), in further view of Simor (US 5,060,150), in view of Patterson (EP 0 964 332 A1), and further in view of Hoffpauir (H1,918).

- 13. Referring to claims 8, 12 and 19, it is rejected for the same reasons as stated in the rejection of claim 1. In addition, Hoffpauir teaches a "resource manager" which controls access to a plurality of telecommunications applications such as a switching module (Fig 2, 64), a telephony support module 66, a signal processing module 68 and an interface module 62, where each of these modules preferably includes software and communicates with the resource manager application of the call processor 40" connected to a telephony device 22 (col 19, lines 58-63). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the feature of control access by a plurality of telecommunications applications to a telephony device to the existing combination system for the reason of increasing functionality with telecommunication abilities.
- 14. Referring to claim 9, the reference of Abe discloses a mechanism for controlling "dispatching commands" to a "signal transmission network" (Fig 1 and col 9, lines 48-63).
- 15. Referring to claims 13 and 20, However, Hoffpauir discloses a "signaling application" which "performs various functions and provides user interfaces associated

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with various parts and protocols" (col 13, lines 39-43). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include the interface feature to the existing combination system for the reason of increasing the control by improving communication.

- 16. Referring to claims 14 and 21, Hoffpuir discloses "providing a modem to enable communication" for the telephony system (col 12, lines 24-30).
- 17. Referring to claim 15, Hoffpuir discloses a "call processing application" 54 from the call processor (col 13, lines 16-21).
- 18. Claim 16 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Chorn (US 6,275,843) in view of Abe (US 6,052,695), in further view of Simor (US 5,060,150), in further view of Hoffpuir (H1,918), and further in view of Jones (US 5,193,110).
- 19. Referring to claim 16, the existing system fails to explicitly teach the following:
  - a call answering application;
  - a voicemail application;
  - a facsimile application; and
  - a data application.

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However, Jones discloses a "call answering" service (col 20, lines 56-59), a "voice mail message service" (col 1, lines 15-24), a "facsimile processing service" (col 1, lines 15-24), and a "data" from an application or "data acquisition" (col 20, lines 1-6). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to combine these features to the existing combination system for the reason of increasing functionality of the system by adding more communication means.

## Response to Arguments

20. Applicant argues that the claimed limitation "to provide an indication to the first process of an expected time before the resource will become available determined based on a call duration value associated with the second process" and "resource manager" is presently shown in the drawings.

In response, Examiner respectfully disagrees. The drawings do not even illustrate a "first process" nor a "second process." It is not shown in the drawings how these two processes interact in the manner as claimed. Applicant also fails to point out where the "resource manager" is illustrated in the drawings.

21. Applicant argues that Abe et al. is silent on a resource manager that provides an indication to a first process of an expected time before a resource will become available determined based on a call duration value associated with the second process (page 12) and also that Simor does not provide an indication to a first process of an expected time before a resource will become available determined based on a call duration value associated with a second process (page 13).

In response to applicant's arguments against the references individually, one cannot show nonobviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references. See *In re Keller*, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981); *In re Merck & Co.*, 800 F.2d 1091, 231 USPQ 375 (Fed. Cir. 1986).

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### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kenneth Tang whose telephone number is (703) 305-5334. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00am-6:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, William Grant can be reached on (703) 308-1108. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 746-7239 for regular communications and (703) 746-7238 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 746-7140.

kt January 9, 2004

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